

**Legislation of the Third Session of the Twenty-Fourth Parliament
Jan. 14, to Aug. 10, 1960—concluded**

Subject, Chapter and Date of Assent	Synopsis
Miscellaneous—conc.	
28 July 7	<i>An Act to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act</i> extends the application of the Act to the years 1961, 1962 and 1963 and makes a minor administrative adjustment.
32 July 7	<i>The International Development Association Act</i> authorizes participation by Canada in the International Development Association and provides for the payment of the subscription required from Canada as a member, not to exceed the Canadian equivalent of U.S. \$37,830,000.
38 July 14	<i>An Act to amend the Public Service Superannuation Act</i> makes a number of revisions with respect to contributions, pensionable service, benefits, the calculation of annuities payable to widows and children, persons re-employed, medical examinations, transferred pensionable employees, contributions to the Retirement Fund and reciprocal transfer agreements, and with respect to certain other changes in connection with the administration of the Act.

PART V.—CANADIAN CHRONOLOGY

Events in the general chronology from 1497 to 1866 are given in the 1951 Year Book, pp. 46-49; from 1867 to 1953 in the 1954 Year Book, pp. 1259-1264; for 1954 in the 1955 Year Book, pp. 1329-1330; for 1955 in the 1956 edition, pp. 1233-1234; for 1956 in the 1957-58 edition, p. 1270; and for 1957 in the 1959 edition, p. 1240. References regarding federal and provincial elections or changes in legislatures or ministries are not included in the following listing but may be found in Chapter II on Constitution and Government and in the Appendix.

1958. *Jan. 1*, Celebrations to commemorate British Columbia's centennial year began. *Jan. 16*, Hon. Lester B. Pearson chosen as national leader of the Liberal Party at convention in Ottawa. *Jan. 17*, Royal Commission appointed to study dispute between the CPR and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, headed by Justice Kellock. *Jan. 23*, Queen Mother Elizabeth stopped briefly in Montreal and Vancouver on round-the-world tour. *Feb. 1*, United States Army successfully launched first American earth satellite—*Explorer*. *Feb. 4*, Kellock Royal Commission declared that firemen were unnecessary on diesel engines used by the CPR in its freight and yard operations. *Feb. 17*, Rt. Hon. Louis S. St. Laurent, Prime Minister of Canada from 1948-1957, announced his retirement from active politics. *Apr. 5*, Ripple Rock in Seymour Narrows near Campbell River, B.C., worst underwater shipping hazard on the West Coast, removed by underwater explosion. *Apr. 24-May 20*, Trade mission from the United Kingdom toured Canada exploring ways of expanding British sales in this country. *Apr. 30*, Celebration in Montreal of the 300th anniversary of the first school established in that city by Marguerite Bourgeoys in 1658. *May 28-June 4*, President Theodor Heuss of the Federal Republic of Germany made state visit to Canada, the first German Head of State ever to do so. *June 12*, Prime Minister Macmillan of the United Kingdom addressed a joint session of the Senate and the House of Commons during a visit to Ottawa. *June 21-July 9*, Celebrations in Quebec City marking the 350th anniversary

on July 1 of its founding in 1608 by Samuel de Champlain. *July 1*, Canadians celebrated the 91st anniversary of Confederation. Blasting of the cofferdam holding back the waters of the St. Lawrence River touched off the creation of the 100-sq. mile St. Lawrence power pool, permitting, within a few days, the operation of the first generators of the new hydro development and the use of two seaway locks on the U.S. side of the River and of the Canadian seaway lock at Iroquois. Inauguration of Canada's new microwave relay system, completed from coast to coast. Federal-Provincial Hospital Plan went into effect in British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Newfoundland. *July 5*, Stephen Leacock Memorial Home at Orillia, Ont., officially opened. *July 8-11*, President Eisenhower of the United States in Ottawa for discussions that resulted in the establishment of a joint Canada-United States Cabinet Committee on defence. *July 12-Aug. 11*, Princess Margaret toured Canada from Victoria to Halifax, visiting seven provinces on her first North American visit. *July 18*, External Affairs Minister Sidney Smith in Washington for talks with British Foreign Secretary Selwyn Lloyd and United States Secretary of State John Foster Dulles regarding the tense Middle East situation. *July 19-23*, Prime Minister Nkrumah of Ghana, visited Montreal and Ottawa and addressed a joint sitting of the Senate and the House of Commons. *July 25*, The Government of Canada signed the agreement previously ratified by the Government